

ANNUAL REPORT 2014

Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013
with Report of Independent Auditors

ShinMaywa
Brighten Your Future



Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors of
ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd.

Grant Thornton Taiyo ASG LLC

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We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, all expressed in yen.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in conformity with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2014, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Convenience Translation

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented solely for convenience. Our audits also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

Osaka, Japan
June 25, 2014

Grant Thornton Taiyo ASG LLC

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Consolidated Balance Sheets

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 4)	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and deposits (Notes 5 and 20)	¥ 12,551	¥ 14,812	\$ 121,854	\$ 143,803
Trade notes and accounts receivable (Note 20)	68,184	58,916	661,986	572,004
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(34)	(59)	(331)	(574)
Inventories (Note 6)	36,231	35,560	351,754	345,247
Deferred income taxes (Note 11)	5,063	4,703	49,158	45,656
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,680	1,290	16,309	12,528
Total current assets	123,675	115,222	1,200,730	1,118,664
Property, plant and equipment (Note 7):				
Land (Note 13)	7,018	6,665	68,140	64,706
Buildings and structures	42,911	41,715	416,608	404,998
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	42,914	41,673	416,643	404,596
Construction in progress	134	742	1,300	7,206
	92,977	90,795	902,691	881,506
Less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss	(65,855)	(64,519)	(639,366)	(626,402)
Property, plant and equipment, net	27,122	26,276	263,325	255,104
Investments and long-term loans receivable:				
Investments in an unconsolidated subsidiary and affiliates	1,798	1,457	17,460	14,144
Investment securities (Notes 8 and 20)	4,677	3,501	45,403	33,985
Long-term loans receivable	270	286	2,624	2,780
Total investments and long-term loans receivable	6,745	5,244	65,487	50,909
Deferred income taxes (Note 11)	2,805	2,458	27,236	23,865
Net defined benefit asset (Note 10)	3,165	-	30,723	-
Other assets	3,948	6,049	38,327	58,727
Total assets	¥167,460	¥155,249	\$1,625,828	\$1,507,269

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 4)	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Trade notes and accounts payable (Note 20)	¥ 28,021	¥ 25,901	\$ 272,051	\$ 251,464
Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 9 and 20)	2,000	2,000	19,417	19,417
Accrued expenses	8,872	8,199	86,138	79,598
Accrued income taxes (Note 11)	4,130	1,402	40,097	13,615
Accrued bonuses for directors	182	133	1,768	1,288
Provision for product warranty	58	18	560	179
Provision for losses on construction contracts (Note 16)	2,037	1,719	19,777	16,688
Other current liabilities	6,864	6,542	66,641	63,519
Total current liabilities	52,164	45,914	506,449	445,768
Long-term liabilities:				
Long-term debt (Notes 9 and 20)	4,597	6,650	44,630	64,567
Accrued retirement benefits for employees (Note 10)	-	9,677	-	93,951
Net defined benefit liability (Note 10)	12,031	-	116,804	-
Deferred income taxes (Note 11)	158	233	1,536	2,259
Deferred income taxes on land revaluation reserve (Note 13)	55	55	532	532
Other long-term liabilities	3,232	3,685	31,379	35,774
Total long-term liabilities	20,073	20,300	194,881	197,083
Total liabilities	72,237	66,214	701,330	642,851
Contingent liabilities				
Net assets:				
Shareholders' equity (Note 14):				
Common stock				
Authorized - 300,000,000 shares				
Issued - 100,000,000 shares at March 31, 2014 and 2013 (Note 14)	15,982	15,982	155,165	155,165
Capital surplus	15,737	15,737	152,790	152,790
Retained earnings (Note 23)	63,350	56,902	615,044	552,443
Less treasury common stock, at cost; 309,053 shares at March 31, 2014 and 291,549 shares at March 31, 2013 (Note 14)	(135)	(120)	(1,308)	(1,169)
Total shareholders' equity	94,934	88,501	921,691	859,229
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):				
Unrealized gain on securities (Note 8)	1,387	877	13,467	8,512
Land revaluation reserve (Note 13)	(384)	(384)	(3,726)	(3,726)
Translation adjustments	308	(52)	2,986	(507)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(1,115)	-	(10,824)	-
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	196	441	1,903	4,279
Minority interests	93	93	904	910
Total net assets	95,223	89,035	924,498	864,418
Total liabilities and net assets	¥167,460	¥155,249	\$1,625,828	\$1,507,269

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 4)	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net sales	¥174,010	¥150,918	\$1,689,420	\$1,465,227
Cost of sales (Notes 6, 16 and 17)	142,253	125,216	1,381,101	1,215,694
Gross profit	31,757	25,702	308,319	249,533
Selling, general and administrative expenses (Notes 15 and 17)	20,884	19,861	202,757	192,825
Operating income	10,873	5,841	105,562	56,708
Other income (expenses):				
Interest and dividend income	91	78	880	759
Interest expense	(47)	(63)	(457)	(609)
Amortization of negative goodwill	–	94	–	911
Equity in earnings of an unconsolidated subsidiary and affiliates	160	173	1,557	1,674
Foreign exchange gains, net	132	124	1,280	1,201
Gain on negative goodwill	–	5,344	–	51,883
Gain on transfer of retirement benefit plan	446	–	4,329	–
Other, net	36	(67)	354	(648)
	818	5,683	7,943	55,171
Income before income taxes and minority interests	11,691	11,524	113,505	111,879
Income taxes (Note 11):				
Current	4,730	1,899	45,919	18,436
Deferred	(465)	(1,718)	(4,512)	(16,682)
Income before minority interests	7,426	11,343	72,098	110,125
Minority interests in loss	(19)	(29)	(183)	(287)
Net income	¥ 7,445	¥ 11,372	\$ 72,281	\$ 110,412

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 4)	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Income before minority interests	¥7,426	¥11,343	\$72,098	\$110,125
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gain on securities	510	253	4,955	2,454
Translation adjustments	203	264	1,972	2,564
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method	172	73	1,667	714
Total other comprehensive income (Note 19)	885	590	8,594	5,732
Comprehensive income	¥8,311	¥11,933	\$80,692	\$115,857
Comprehensive income attributable to:				
Owners of the parent company	8,315	11,942	80,729	115,943
Minority interests	(4)	(9)	(37)	(86)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	Millions of yen										
	Shareholders' Equity					Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)					
	Number of shares of common stock	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury common stock, at cost	Unrealized gain on securities	Land revaluation reserve	Translation adjustments	Retirement benefits liability	Minority interests	Total net assets
Balance at March 31, 2012	119,727,565	¥15,982	¥15,737	¥54,633	¥(8,203)	¥ 625	¥(384)	¥(366)	¥ -	¥1,301	¥79,325
Acquisition of treasury stock	-	-	-	-	(21)	-	-	-	-	-	(21)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(997)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(997)
Net income for the year	-	-	-	11,372	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,372
Cancellation of treasury stock	(19,727,565)	-	-	(8,104)	8,104	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change of scope of equity method	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	-	252	-	314	-	(1,208)	(642)
Balance at March 31, 2013	100,000,000	¥15,982	¥15,737	¥56,902	¥ (120)	¥ 877	¥(384)	¥ (52)	¥ -	¥ 93	¥89,035
Acquisition of treasury stock	-	-	-	-	(15)	-	-	-	-	-	(15)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(997)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(997)
Net income for the year	-	-	-	7,445	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,445
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	-	510	-	360	(1,115)	(0)	(245)
Balance at March 31, 2014	100,000,000	¥15,982	¥15,737	¥65,350	¥ (135)	¥1,387	¥(384)	¥ 308	¥(1,115)	¥ 93	¥95,223

	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 4)									
	Shareholders' Equity				Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)					
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury common stock, at cost	Unrealized gain on securities	Land revaluation reserve	Translation adjustments	Retirement benefits liability	Minority interests	Total net assets
Balance at March 31, 2012	\$155,165	\$152,790	\$530,416	\$(79,650)	\$ 6,066	\$(3,726)	\$(3,550)	\$ -	\$12,634	\$770,145
Acquisition of treasury stock	-	-	-	(201)	-	-	-	-	-	(201)
Dividends paid	-	-	(9,683)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,683)
Net income for the year	-	-	110,412	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,412
Cancellation of treasury stock	-	-	(78,682)	78,682	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change of scope of equity method	-	-	(20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20)
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	2,446	-	3,043	-	(11,724)	(6,235)
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$155,165	\$152,790	\$552,443	\$(1,169)	\$ 8,512	\$(3,726)	\$(507)	\$ -	\$ 910	\$864,418
Acquisition of treasury stock	-	-	-	(139)	-	-	-	-	-	(139)
Dividends paid	-	-	(9,680)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,680)
Net income for the year	-	-	72,281	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,281
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	4,955	-	3,493	(10,824)	(6)	(2,382)
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$155,165	\$152,790	\$615,044	\$(1,308)	\$13,467	\$(3,726)	\$ 2,986	\$(10,824)	\$ 904	\$924,498

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 4)	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Operating activities				
Income before income taxes and minority interests	¥11,691	¥11,524	\$113,505	\$111,879
Depreciation and amortization	3,979	3,609	38,625	35,040
Gain on negative goodwill	–	(5,344)	–	(51,883)
Equity in earnings of an unconsolidated subsidiary and affiliates	(160)	(173)	(1,557)	(1,674)
(Decrease) in accrued retirement benefits for employees, directors and corporate auditors	–	(319)	–	(3,092)
Increase in net defined benefit liability	386	–	3,746	–
Interest and dividend income	(91)	(78)	(880)	(759)
Interest expense	47	63	457	609
(Increase) decrease in trade notes and accounts receivable	(8,902)	1,567	(86,425)	15,219
(Increase) in inventories	(475)	(667)	(4,608)	(6,477)
Increase in trade notes and accounts payable	1,771	2,591	17,197	25,154
Other, net	115	361	1,115	3,503
	8,361	13,134	81,175	127,519
Interest and dividends received	168	150	1,628	1,459
Interest paid	(48)	(64)	(465)	(622)
Income taxes paid	(2,003)	(1,462)	(19,449)	(14,196)
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,478	11,758	62,889	114,160
Investing activities				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(4,345)	(4,360)	(42,181)	(42,330)
Purchases of intangible assets	(721)	(505)	(7,004)	(4,903)
Purchases of consolidated subsidiary's stock accompanied by changes in scope of consolidation	–	(108)	–	(1,048)
Purchases of stock from minority shareholders	–	(632)	–	(6,140)
Payments for transfer of business	–	(932)	–	(9,050)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	14	444	139	4,309
Other, net	(503)	(409)	(4,883)	(3,967)
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,555)	(6,502)	(53,929)	(63,129)
Financing activities				
Decrease in short-term loans payable	–	(7,050)	–	(68,447)
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	–	20	–	190
Repayment of long-term loans payable	(2,000)	(2,000)	(19,417)	(19,417)
Acquisition of treasury stock, net	(14)	(21)	(139)	(201)
Dividends paid	(997)	(997)	(9,680)	(9,683)
Dividends paid to minority shareholders	–	(11)	–	(102)
Repayments of finance lease obligations	(382)	(343)	(3,708)	(3,329)
Other, net	3	37	31	359
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(3,390)	(10,365)	(32,913)	(100,630)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	231	188	2,245	1,820
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,236)	(4,921)	(21,708)	(47,779)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	14,791	19,856	143,600	192,776
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents resulting from exclusion of subsidiaries from consolidation	(4)	(144)	(38)	(1,397)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (Note 5)	¥12,551	¥14,791	\$121,854	\$143,600

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of presentation

ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd. (the “Company”) and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries maintain their books of account in conformity with the financial accounting standards of Japan, and its overseas consolidated subsidiaries maintain their books of account in conformity with those of their countries of domicile.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan and, therefore, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards.

(b) Scope of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2014 include the accounts of the Company and its 20 (20 in 2013) subsidiaries (together, the “Group”). Investments in 4 (4 in 2013) subsidiaries and 1 (1 in 2013) affiliate are accounted for by the equity method.

(c) Principles of consolidation and accounting for investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and significant companies controlled directly or indirectly by the Company. Companies over which the Company exercises significant influence in terms of their operating and financial policies have been included in the consolidated financial statements on an equity basis. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The balance sheet date of certain consolidated subsidiaries is December 31. Any significant differences in intercompany accounts and transactions arising from intervening intercompany transactions during the period from January 1 through March 31 have been adjusted, if necessary.

(d) Foreign currency translation

All monetary assets and liabilities, regardless of whether they are short-term or long-term, denominated in foreign currencies are translated into yen at the exchange rates prevailing as of the fiscal year end, and the resulting gain and loss are included in income.

Balance sheet accounts and revenue and expense accounts of the overseas consolidated subsidiaries are translated into yen at the exchange rates prevailing as of the fiscal year end, except for the components of net assets excluding minority interests which are translated at their historical exchange rates. Translation adjustments are presented as a component of valuation and translation adjustments and minority interests.

(e) Cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(f) Securities

Securities are generally classified into three categories: trading, held-to-maturity or available-for-sale securities. Securities held by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are all classified as available-for-sale securities. Marketable securities classified as available-for-sale securities are carried at fair value with any changes in unrealized gain or loss, net of the applicable income taxes, included directly in net assets. Non-marketable securities classified as available-for-sale securities are carried at cost. Cost of securities sold is determined by the moving average method.

(g) Inventories

Inventories are stated principally at the lower of cost, cost being determined by the moving average method, or net selling value.

(h) Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is computed by the declining-balance method, except that certain subsidiaries apply the straight-line method. The Company and its principal domestic consolidated subsidiaries apply useful lives and residual value of the respective assets as prescribed by the Corporation Tax Law for accounting purposes.

Leased assets under lease transactions that do not transfer ownership of the leased assets to the lessee are depreciated over the respective lease periods by the straight-line method to a nil residual value. Finance leases commencing prior to April 1, 2008 that do not transfer ownership of the leased assets to the lessee are accounted for as operating lease transactions as permitted by the revised accounting standard.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if certain indicators of asset impairment exist and the book value of an asset exceeds the undiscounted sum of future cash flows of the asset and is measured as the excess of the book value over the higher of (1) the fair market value of the asset, net of disposition costs, and (2) the present value of future cash flows arising from ongoing utilization of the asset and from disposal of the asset after use.

Business assets of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are grouped at its management accounting units for impairment testing. However, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries determine whether an asset is impaired on an individual asset basis for leased assets and when a business asset is deemed to be idle or it is scheduled to be disposed of.

(i) Allowance for doubtful receivables

An allowance for doubtful receivables is provided at an amount calculated based on historical experience, while specific allowances for doubtful receivables are provided for the estimated amounts considered to be uncollectible after reviewing individual collectibility.

(j) Accrued bonuses for directors

Accrued bonuses for directors are provided for payments of bonuses to directors based on estimated amounts.

(k) Provision for product warranty

For payments of the after-sales service expense of the product and the repair cost of the completed work, provision for product warranty is provided based on past experience.

(l) Provision for losses on construction contracts

With regard to construction contracts that have not yet been delivered and are with high probability of generating losses at the end of the fiscal year, and where it is possible to reasonably estimate the amount of such losses, the estimated amount of losses to be incurred is provided as provision for losses on construction contracts.

(m) Retirement benefits

Accrued retirement benefits for employees are provided principally at an amount calculated based on the retirement benefit obligation and the fair value of the pension plan assets at the balance sheet dates, as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gain or loss and unrecognized prior service cost. The retirement benefit obligation is attributed to each period by the straight-line method over the estimated remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Actuarial gain and loss are amortized in the year following the year in which the gain or loss is recognized primarily by the straight-line method over a period of 13 years which falls within the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Prior service cost is amortized as incurred by the straight-line method over a period of 13 years which falls within the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries have adopted a simplified method for calculating their retirement benefit obligation which is permitted under the accounting standard for retirement benefits.

(n) Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between financial reporting and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities, and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws which will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

(o) Significant revenue recognition

The Company applies the percentage-of-completion method to the construction contracts (estimated percentage of completion is calculated using the cost-to-cost method) for which the outcome of their activities at the end of the fiscal year is deemed certain, and the completed contract method to other construction contracts.

(p) Research and development costs

Research and development costs are charged to income as incurred and are included in cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(q) Amounts per share

Net income per share is computed based on the net income available for distribution to shareholders of common stock and the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Amounts per share of net assets are computed based on net assets available for distribution to the shareholders and the number of shares of common stock outstanding at the year end.

(r) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are stated at fair value.

(s) Consumption taxes

All amounts in the accompanying financial statements are stated exclusive of consumption tax.

2. Changes in Accounting Policy

Effective March 31, 2014, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries applied "Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Statement No. 26 issued on May 17, 2012, hereinafter, the "Standard") and "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Guidance No. 25 issued on May 17, 2012, hereinafter, the "Guidance"), except for the provisions prescribed in Article 35 of the Standard and Article 67 of the Guidance and recorded retirement benefit obligation, net of plan assets, as a liability for retirement benefits, and unrecognized actuarial gain or loss and unrecognized prior service cost are recognized as net defined benefit liability. If the amount of plan assets exceeds the amount of retirement benefit obligation, such excess is recorded as an asset for retirement benefits.

In applying the standard and the Guidance, pursuant to the transitional treatments prescribed in Article 37 of the Standard, the effects from the accounting changes are included in remeasurements of defined benefit plans under accumulated other comprehensive income at the end of the current consolidated fiscal year. As a result, net defined benefit asset and net defined benefit liability are recorded in the amount of ¥3,165 million (\$30,723 thousand) and ¥12,031 million (\$116,804 thousand), respectively, as of March 31, 2014. In addition, accumulated other comprehensive income decreased by ¥1,115 million (\$10,824 thousand).

The effect on per share information is described in Note 18.

3. Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

By the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements, new accounting standards and interpretations that have been issued, but not yet effective are as follows.

"Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Statement No.26 issued on May 17, 2012) and "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Guidance No.25 issued on May 17, 2012)

These accounting standards have been revised, in light of improving financial reporting and international accounting trends, mainly in terms of accounting methods for unrecognized actuarial gain or loss and unrecognized prior service cost, calculation methods for retirement benefit obligation and service cost, and enhancement of disclosure items.

The Company adopts the revised calculation methods for retirement benefit obligation and service cost from the beginning of the year ending March 31, 2015. In accordance with the transitional treatments prescribed in the Standard and the Guidance, the changes are not retrospectively applied to the past consolidated financial statements. The impact of the revised calculation methods for retirement benefit obligation and service cost is currently being examined as of the date of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

4. U.S. Dollar Amounts

The translations of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan and have been made for both 2014 and 2013, as a matter of arithmetic computation only, at the rate of ¥103 = U.S.\$1.00, the approximate rate of exchange in effect on March 31, 2014. The translations should not be construed as a representation that yen have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into U.S. dollars at the above or any other rate.

5. Supplementary Cash Flow Information

Information related to cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Cash and deposits	¥12,551	¥14,812	\$121,854	\$143,803
Time deposits with deposit terms of more than three months	–	(21)	–	(203)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	¥12,551	¥14,791	\$121,854	\$143,600

6. Inventories

Inventories at March 31, 2014 and 2013 consisted of the following:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Finished goods	¥ 2,325	¥ 2,560	\$ 22,573	\$ 24,854
Work in process	21,617	20,635	209,874	200,340
Raw materials and supplies	12,289	12,365	119,307	120,053
	¥36,231	¥35,560	\$351,754	\$345,247

Reversal of loss on devaluation of inventories in the amount of ¥231 million (\$2,243 thousand) is recorded under cost of sales for the year ended March 31, 2014. A reversal of loss on devaluation of inventories in the amount of ¥35 million (\$340 thousand) is recorded under cost of sales for the year ended March 31, 2013.

Inventories and provision for contract losses are not offset. The amount of provision for contract losses against the inventories (work in process) is ¥92 million (\$893 thousand) and ¥15 million (\$146 thousand) for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Fair Value of Investment and Rental Properties

The Company and part of its consolidated subsidiaries own rental apartments in Hyogo and other areas. The net of rent income and operating expenses from such rental properties was ¥137 million (\$1,330 thousand) and ¥154 million (\$1,495 thousand) for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

The carrying amount and fair value of investment and rental properties at the end of the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Carrying amount	¥1,828	¥1,811	\$17,748	\$17,583
Fair Value	3,629	3,606	35,233	35,010

Increase for the year ended March 31, 2014 was due mainly to increase in rental property due to conversion of ¥85 million (\$824 thousand)

8. Securities

a) Information with respect to marketable securities classified as available-for-sale securities as of March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	March 31, 2014					
	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Unrealized gain (loss)	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Unrealized gain (loss)
Securities whose fair value exceeds their acquisition cost:						
Equity securities	¥1,010	¥3,273	¥2,263	\$ 9,806	\$31,777	\$21,971
Bonds and debentures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
	¥1,010	¥3,273	¥2,263	\$ 9,806	\$31,777	\$21,971
Securities whose acquisition cost exceeds their fair value:						
Equity securities	¥ 868	¥ 711	¥ (157)	\$ 8,427	\$ 6,903	\$(1,524)
Bonds and debentures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
	¥ 868	¥ 711	¥ (157)	\$ 8,427	\$ 6,903	\$(1,524)
	¥1,878	¥3,984	¥2,106	\$18,233	\$38,680	\$20,447

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	March 31, 2013					
	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Unrealized gain (loss)	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount	Unrealized gain (loss)
Securities whose fair value exceeds their acquisition cost:						
Equity securities	¥ 797	¥2,258	¥1,461	\$ 7,738	\$21,922	\$14,184
Bonds and debentures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
	¥ 797	¥2,258	¥1,461	\$ 7,738	\$21,922	\$14,184
Securities whose acquisition cost exceeds their fair value:						
Equity securities	¥ 703	¥ 548	¥ (155)	\$ 6,825	\$ 5,321	\$(1,504)
Bonds and debentures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
	¥ 703	¥ 548	¥ (155)	\$ 6,825	\$ 5,321	\$(1,504)
	¥1,500	¥2,806	¥1,306	\$14,563	\$27,243	\$12,680

The impairment losses associated with the fair market value determination of marketable securities classified as available-for-sale securities was ¥5 million (\$49 thousand) for the year ended March 31, 2013.

Impairment losses are recorded for securities whose fair value has declined by 50% or more or for those which have declined within a range of 30% or more, but less than 50% if the decline is deemed to be irrecoverable.

b) The aggregate book value of securities with no available fair value as of March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Unlisted stocks	¥693	¥695	\$6,728	\$6,748

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at March 31, 2014 and 2013 consisted of the following:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Unsecured loans due through 2017 with weighted-average interest rates of 0.41% at March 31, 2014 and 0.45% at March 31, 2013	¥6,000	¥8,000	\$58,252	\$77,670
Lease obligations due through 2020	597	650	5,795	6,314
	6,597	8,650	64,047	83,984
Less current portion	(2,000)	(2,000)	(19,417)	(19,417)
	¥4,597	¥6,650	\$44,630	\$64,567

The aggregate annual maturities of long-term debt subsequent to March 31, 2014 are as follows:

Years ending March 31,	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	¥2,236
2016	2,184	21,204
2017	2,124	20,621
2018	41	398
2019 and thereafter	12	115
Total	¥6,597	\$64,047

Lease obligations of ¥236 million (\$2,291 thousand) as of March 31, 2014 whose maturity dates are in the year ending March 31, 2015 are included in the long-term debt of ¥4,597 million (\$44,630 thousand) presented in the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2014.

10. Retirement Benefit Plans for Employees

For the year ended March 31, 2014

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have defined benefit plans, i.e., corporate pension plans and lump-sum payment plans and also defined contribution plans, covering all their employees. Certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries participate in general type welfare pension funds under the multi-employer plans. If the plan assets corresponding to the participant's contribution cannot be reasonably calculated, such plans are accounted for in the same method as the defined contribution plans.

Certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries adopt a simplified method for calculating their retirement benefit obligation.

Defined benefit plans

(a) The changes in retirement benefit obligation for the year ended March 31, 2014 are as follows (except for the plans which are described in (c)):

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Balance of retirement benefit obligation at beginning of the period	¥26,555	\$257,816
Service cost	938	9,107
Interest cost	335	3,252
Actuarial gain	(84)	(816)
Retirement benefits paid	(1,220)	(11,845)
Prior service cost	(9)	(87)
Decrease due to a transfer to defined contribution plans	(2,276)	(22,097)
Balance of retirement benefit obligation at end of the period	¥24,239	\$235,330

(b) The changes in plan assets for the year ended March 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Balance of plan assets at beginning of the period	¥17,220	\$167,184
Expected return on plan assets	188	1,825
Actuarial gain	753	7,311
Contribution from the employer	748	7,262
Retirement benefits paid	(776)	(7,534)
Decrease due to a transfer to defined contribution plans	(1,667)	(16,184)
Balance of retirement benefit obligation at end of the period	¥16,466	\$159,864

(c) The changes in net defined benefit liability under the plans which adopt a simplified method for the year ended March 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Balance of net defined benefit liability at beginning of the period	¥1,156	\$11,223
Retirement benefit expenses	143	1,388
Retirement benefits paid	(149)	(1,446)
Other	(56)	(544)
Balance of net defined benefit liability at end of the period	¥1,094	\$10,621

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Reconciliation of balance of retirement benefit obligation and plan assets and net defined benefit liability and asset recorded in the consolidated balance sheets

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Funded retirement benefit obligation	¥ 13,301	\$ 129,136
Plan assets	(16,466)	(159,859)
	(3,165)	(30,723)
Unfunded retirement benefit obligation	12,031	116,804
Net liability and asset recorded in the consolidated balance sheets	¥ 8,866	\$ 86,081
Net defined benefit liability	12,031	116,804
Net defined benefit asset	(3,165)	(30,723)
Net liability and asset recorded in the consolidated balance sheets	¥ 8,866	\$ 86,081

(e) The components of retirement benefit expenses for the year ended March 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Service cost	¥ 938	\$ 9,107
Interest cost	335	3,252
Expected return on plans assets	(188)	(1,825)
Amortization of actuarial loss	576	5,592
Amortization of prior service cost	22	214
Retirement benefit expenses calculated by a simplified method	143	1,388
Others	54	524
Retirement benefit expenses on defined benefit plans	¥1,880	\$18,252

(Note) In addition to the above, the effects of the transfer of the defined benefit corporate pension plans to defined benefit plans of the Company and certain its consolidated subsidiaries in the amount of ¥446 million (\$4,329 thousand) are recorded under "Other expenses."

(f) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans

The components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans (before tax effect) are as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Unrecognized prior service cost	¥ (80)	\$ (777)
Unrecognized actuarial gain	1,795	17,427
Total	¥1,715	\$16,650

(g) Plan assets

1) Plan assets consist of the following:

Debt securities	77%
Equity securities	19%
Others	4%
Total	100%

2) Method of determining long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is determined considering the allocation of plan assets that are expected currently and in the future and long-term rates of return that are expected currently and in the future from the various components of plan assets.

(h) Assumptions used for actuarial calculation

Major assumptions used in the accounting for the above plans at March 31, 2014 are as follows:

Discount rate	Primarily 1.4%
Long-term expected rate of return on plan assets	1.2%
Selection ratio of lump-sum payment	70.0%

Defined contribution plans

The amount of the required contribution to the defined contribution plans of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries was ¥209 million (\$2,029 thousand).

Multi-employer plans

The amount of the required contribution to the multi-employer welfare pension fund plan which is accounted for in the same method as the defined contribution plans was ¥54 million (\$524 thousand).

(a) Funded status of the whole plan (as of March 31, 2013)

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Amount of plan assets	¥ 69,155	\$ 671,408
Amount of benefit obligation for the purpose of pension financing calculation	98,620	957,476
Net amount	¥(29,465)	\$(286,068)

(b) The contribution percentage of the Company and its subsidiaries for the multi-employer welfare pension fund plan (contribution for the year ended March 31, 2013) was 1.1%.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Supplementary explanation

Major factors for the above net amount are the outstanding balance of prior service cost for the purpose of pension financing calculation in the amount of ¥24,384 million (\$236,738 thousand) and deficit in the amount of ¥5,081 million (\$49,330 thousand).

Prior service cost under the plan is amortized on straight-line basis over a period of 20 years and the Company and its subsidiaries charged special premium in the amount of ¥23 million (\$223 thousand) to income in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2014.

The contribution percentage noted in the above (b) does not agree with the actual share percentage of the Company and its subsidiaries to the pension plan.

For the year ended March 31, 2013

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have defined benefit plans, i.e., corporate pension plans and lump-sum payment plans, covering substantially all their employees. Eligible employees, upon termination of employment, are entitled to lump-sum or annuity payments, the amounts of which are determined by reference to their basic rates of pay, length of service, and the conditions under which termination occurs. The certain consolidated subsidiaries participate in the multi-employer welfare pension fund plan. They also have defined contribution pension plans.

The following table sets forth the funded and accrued status of the plans, and the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2013 for the Company's and the consolidated subsidiaries' defined benefit plans:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Retirement benefit obligation	¥ (27,712)	\$ (269,048)
Plan assets at fair value	17,220	167,184
Unfunded retirement benefit obligation	(10,492)	(101,864)
Unrecognized actuarial loss	3,526	34,233
Unrecognized prior service cost	(202)	(1,961)
Net retirement benefit obligation	(7,168)	(69,592)
Prepaid pension cost	2,509	24,359
Accrued retirement benefits	¥ (9,677)	\$ (93,951)

Certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries have adopted a simplified method for calculating their retirement benefit obligation which is permitted under the accounting standard for retirement benefits.

The components of retirement benefit expenses for the years ended March 31, 2013 are outlined as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Service cost	¥ 1,081	\$ 10,495
Interest cost	480	4,660
Expected return on plan assets	(103)	(1,000)
Amortization of actuarial loss	548	5,320
Amortization of prior service cost	(0)	(0)
Contribution to a defined contribution plan	75	729
Total	¥ 2,081	\$ 20,204

Retirement benefit expenses of certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries, which have been calculated by a simplified method, are included in service cost in the above table.

The assumptions used in the accounting for the above plans were as follows:

Discount rate	Primarily 1.4%
Expected rates of return on plan assets	0.7%

Certain subsidiaries contributed ¥43 million (\$417 thousand) to the multi-employer welfare pension fund plan for the years ended March 31, 2013, which was not included in the table of retirement benefit expenses above. The funded status of the multi-employer welfare pension fund plan as of March 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Plan assets	¥ 62,064	\$ 602,563
Projected benefit obligation recorded by pension fund	(94,134)	(913,922)
Unfunded status	¥ (32,070)	\$ (311,359)

The Company's contribution percentage for the multi-employer welfare pension fund plan was 1.0% for the years March 31, 2013. This percentage does not agree with the actual share percentage of the consolidated subsidiaries to the pension plan.

The unfunded status of the multi-employer welfare plan mainly represented past service liabilities of ¥14,733 million (\$143,039 thousand), and unfunded amounts of ¥17,337 million (\$168,320 thousand) as of March 31, 2013. Past service liabilities are amortized with interest by the straight-line method over a period of 20 years. Special retirement benefit expenses of ¥14 million (\$136 thousand) were charged to consolidated income for the years ended March 31, 2013.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

11. Income Taxes

Income taxes applicable to the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries comprise corporation tax, inhabitants' taxes and enterprise tax, which, in the aggregate, resulted in a statutory tax rate of approximately 38.0% for 2014 and 2013, respectively. Income taxes of the overseas consolidated subsidiaries are based generally on the tax rates applicable in their countries of incorporation.

The tax effects of temporary differences which gave rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2014 and 2013 are summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Deferred tax assets:				
Net operating loss carryforwards	¥ 73	¥ 626	\$ 709	\$ 6,078
Accrued retirement benefits for employees	–	2,466	–	23,942
Net defined benefit liability	4,015	–	38,981	–
Accrued bonuses	1,618	1,374	15,709	13,340
Loss on valuation of inventories	475	561	4,612	5,447
Depreciation and amortization	287	268	2,786	2,602
Impairment loss	1,317	1,376	12,786	13,359
Provision for losses on construction contracts	726	658	7,049	6,388
Other	2,591	2,046	25,154	19,863
	11,102	9,375	107,786	91,019
Valuation allowance	(1,285)	(1,672)	(12,476)	(16,233)
	9,817	7,703	95,310	74,786
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Unrealized gain on securities	713	431	6,923	4,184
Negative goodwill	228	317	2,214	3,078
Net defined benefit asset	1,129	–	10,961	–
Other	37	27	358	262
	2,107	775	20,456	7,524
Net deferred tax assets	¥ 7,710	¥ 6,928	\$ 74,854	\$ 67,262

The effective tax rate reflected in the consolidated statements of income for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 differs from the statutory tax rate for the following reasons:

	2014	2013
Statutory tax rate	– %	38.0 %
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	–	1.6
Revenues not taxable for tax purposes	–	(0.2)
Per capital portion of inhabitants' taxes	–	1.3
Changes in valuation allowance	–	(21.8)
Amortization of negative goodwill	–	(0.3)
Gain on negative goodwill	–	(16.7)
Tax credit	–	(0.6)
Deferred income taxes on unrealized intercompany profits	–	(0.4)
Other	–	0.7
Effective tax rate	– %	1.6 %

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 the difference between the statutory tax rate and the actual income tax rate after application of deferred tax accounting was negligible. Accordingly, disclosure has been omitted.

On March 31, 2014, "Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act" (Act No.10 of 2014) was promulgated, according to which the Special Reconstruction Corporation Tax will no longer be imposed from the consolidated fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2014. Accordingly, for temporary differences expected to be reversed in the fiscal year beginning on April 1, 2014, the effective tax rate applied to the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities for current fiscal year, will be lowered from 38.0% in prior fiscal year to 35.6%. As a result, deferred tax assets, net of deferred tax liabilities, decreased by ¥279 million (\$2,709 thousand) and income taxes – deferred increased by the same amount.

12. Contingent Liabilities

At March 31, 2014, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries were contingently liable as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
As guarantors of indebtedness, principally of customers	¥177	\$1,718

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

13. Land Revaluation

Pursuant to the “Law Concerning the Revaluation of Land,” land used for a consolidated subsidiary’s business operations was revalued on March 31, 2000. The income tax effect of the difference between the book value and the revalued amounts have been presented under liabilities as “Deferred income taxes on land revaluation reserve” and the remaining balances have been presented under valuation and translation adjustments as “Land revaluation reserve” in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Revaluation of the land was determined based on the property tax assessment values in accordance with Paragraph 3, Article 2 of the “Enforcement Ordinance Concerning Land Revaluation.”

The carrying value of the land after revaluation exceeded its fair value by ¥203 million (\$1,971 thousand) and ¥203 million (\$1,971 thousand) at March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

14. Shareholders’ Equity

The Corporation Law of Japan provides that an amount equal to 10% of the amount to be distributed as distributions of capital surplus (other than the capital reserve) and retained earnings (other than the legal reserve) be transferred to the capital reserve and the legal reserve, respectively, until the sum of the capital reserve and the legal reserve equals 25% of the common stock account. Such distributions can be made at any time by resolution of the shareholders, or by the Board of Directors if certain conditions are met, but neither the capital reserve nor the legal reserve is available for distributions.

Movements in treasury stock during the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are summarized as follows:

	Number of shares			
	2014			
	March 31, 2013	Increase	Decrease	March 31, 2014
Treasury stock	291,549	17,504	–	309,053

	2013			
	March 31, 2012	Increase	Decrease	March 31, 2013
	Treasury stock	19,964,250	54,864	19,727,565

Increase in the number of treasury stock during the year ended March 31, 2014 is due to the increase of 17,504 shares through the purchase of fractional shares.

Increase in the number of treasury stock during the year ended March 31, 2013 is due to the increase of 47,290 shares through the purchase of shares from shareholders with unknown addresses pursuant to the resolution of the Board of Directors and the increase of 7,574 shares through the purchase of fractional shares. Decrease in the number of treasury stock is due to the decrease of 19,727,565 shares through the cancellation of treasury stock pursuant to the resolution of the Board of Directors.

Dividends paid in the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Resolution			
	2014		2013	
	Annual general meeting of shareholders June 25, 2013	Board of directors meeting October 31, 2013	Annual general meeting of shareholders June 26, 2012	Board of directors meeting October 31, 2012
Class of shares	Common stock	Common stock	Common stock	Common stock
Total cash dividends				
(Millions of yen)	¥ 499	¥ 499	¥ 499	¥ 499
(Thousands of U.S. dollars)	\$4,845	\$4,845	\$4,845	\$4,845
Cash dividends per share				
(Yen)	¥ 5	¥ 5	¥ 5	¥ 5
(U.S. dollars)	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05
Record date	March 31, 2013	September 30, 2013	March 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
Effective date	June 26, 2013	December 2, 2013	June 27, 2012	December 3, 2012

Dividends whose record date falls in the years ended March 31, 2014 or 2013, but whose effective date falls in the following year are as follows:

	Resolution	
	2014	2013
	Annual general meeting of shareholders June 25, 2014	Annual general meeting of shareholders June 25, 2013
Class of shares	Common stock	Common stock
Total cash dividends		
(Millions of yen)	¥ 698	¥ 499
(Thousands of U.S. dollars)	\$6,777	\$4,845
Cash dividends per share		
(Yen)	¥ 7	¥ 5
(U.S. dollars)	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.05
Record date	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Effective date	June 26, 2014	June 26, 2013

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

15. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of the following for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Employees salaries and allowances	¥ 8,521	¥ 7,851	\$ 82,728	\$ 76,223
Provision of allowance for doubtful receivable	(36)	16	(350)	155
Accrued bonuses for directors	182	133	1,767	1,291
Retirement benefit expenses	617	577	5,990	5,602
Provision for directors' and corporate auditors' retirement benefits	-	42	-	408

16. Provision for Losses on Construction Contracts

Provision for losses on construction contracts included in cost of sales for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 amounted to ¥2,037 million (\$19,777 thousand) and ¥1,719 million (\$16,689 thousand), respectively.

17. Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses included in manufacturing cost and selling, general and administrative expenses for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 amounted to ¥2,313 million (\$22,456 thousand) and ¥2,118 million (\$20,563 thousand), respectively.

18. Amounts per Share

Amounts per share are summarized as follows:

Years ended March 31,	Yen		U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net income	¥ 74.67	¥114.04	\$0.72	\$1.11
Net assets:				
Basic	954.25	892.01	9.26	8.66
Diluted	-	-	-	-

Diluted net income per share has not been presented because there were no potentially dilutive shares at March 31, 2014 and 2013.

As noted in "Changes in Accounting Policy," the Company and its subsidiaries applied the Standard and the Guidance and follows the transitional treatments prescribed in Article 37 of the Standard.

As a result, net assets per share as of March 31, 2014 decreased by ¥11.18 (\$0.11).

19. Other Comprehensive Income

The components of other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Unrealized gain on securities:				
Amount arising during the year	¥ 888	¥ 375	\$ 8,621	\$ 3,641
Reclassification adjustments	(96)	10	(932)	97
Before tax effect	792	385	7,689	3,738
Tax effect	(282)	(132)	(2,734)	(1,284)
Total unrealized gain on securities	510	253	4,955	2,454
Translation adjustments:				
Amount arising during the year	159	267	1,544	2,592
Reclassification adjustments	44	(3)	428	(28)
Before tax effect	203	264	1,972	2,564
Tax effect	-	-	-	-
Total Translation adjustments	203	264	1,972	2,564
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method:				
Amount arising during the year	172	73	1,667	714
Total other comprehensive income	¥ 885	¥ 590	\$ 8,594	\$ 5,732

20. Financial Instruments

(a) Policy for financial instruments

The Group raises its necessary funds mainly through bank loans, according to its capital expenditure plan especially for the manufacture and sales of special purpose trucks and aircraft. Temporary idle funds are invested in low risk financial assets and the Group finances its short-term operating funds mainly through bank loans. Derivatives contracts are used for the purpose of avoiding risks as described later, not for speculative purposes, limited to transactions associated with commercial needs.

(b) Nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments

Receivables such as trade notes and accounts receivable are exposed to customer credit risk. Trade receivables denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk.

Investment securities are shares in the companies with which the Group has business relationships. These shares are exposed to the risk associated with fluctuation in market prices.

The payment terms of trade notes and accounts payable, which are trade liabilities, are mostly within one year. Also, part of these liabilities are related to imported raw materials, denominated in foreign currencies; therefore they are exposed to foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk but their amounts are constantly less than those of accounts receivable balances quoted in the same currencies.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Long-term debt is financing mainly for operating transactions and property investment. The debt carry floating interest rates, thus they are exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations.

Derivative transactions mainly include forward foreign currency contracts, for the purpose of hedging the foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk to the Company's operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies. Forward foreign currency transactions are exposed to market price risk associated with the future fluctuation in exchange rates. They also pose risk arising from the possibility of counterparty financial institutions' default on their contracts.

(c) Risk management for financial instruments

1) Credit risk management (customers' default risk)

With regard to trade notes and accounts receivable, which are operating receivables, the sales and accounting departments of the Company aim to identify and mitigate the default risk of customers due to deterioration of their financial conditions or other factors in the early stage, by regularly monitoring customers' financial conditions and managing the payment dates and outstanding balances of each customer's liabilities in accordance with internally defined procedures. The Company's consolidated subsidiaries conduct the same procedures according the Company's rules.

The Group enters into derivative contracts only with high credit rated financial institutions, in order to reduce the risk of counterparty default on these contracts.

2) Market risk management (foreign currency exchange and interest rate fluctuation risks)

In principle, the Company uses forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge against the monthly recognized foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk of each currency, associated with operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies. In addition, the amount of operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies that is certainly expected to be generated from projected export transactions, after deduction of the amount of foreign currency denominated payments which regularly occur monthly, is hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts under the limited maximum contract term of one year.

With respect to investment securities, the Company periodically monitors the movement of their fair values and financial condition of related issuers (trading counterparties), continuously reviewing its holdings.

Each derivative transaction needs to be approved by authorized persons and conducted by the finance department, in accordance with internal control regulations. The department books transactions and checks balances with counterparties. Monthly transaction results are reported to the director of the finance department. Meanwhile, the Company's consolidated subsidiaries do not conduct derivative transactions.

3) Liquidity risk management on fund raising (risk for delinquency)

The Company manages its liquidity risk through its finance department's compilation and upgrading of cash flow projections, based on the reports submitted by each business unit.

4) Supplementary explanations concerning fair values of financial instruments

Fair values of financial instruments comprise values determined based on market prices and values determined reasonably when there is no market price. Since variable factors are incorporated in computing the relevant fair values, such fair values may vary depending on the different assumptions. The notional amounts and other information described in Note 21 do not indicate the amounts of market risk exposed to derivative transactions.

The carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheets and fair value of financial instruments as of March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	2014					
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Unrealized loss	Carrying amount	Fair value	Unrealized loss
Cash and deposits	¥12,551	¥12,551	¥-	\$121,854	\$121,854	\$-
Trade notes and accounts receivable	68,184			661,986		
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(28)			(272)		
Subtotal	68,156	68,156	-	661,714	661,714	-
Investment securities:						
Available-for-sale securities	3,984	3,984	-	38,684	38,684	-
Total	¥84,692	¥84,692	¥-	\$822,252	\$822,252	\$-
Trade notes and accounts payable	28,021	28,021	-	272,051	272,051	-
Long-term debt	6,000	6,000	-	58,252	58,252	-
Total	¥34,021	¥34,021	¥-	\$330,303	\$330,303	\$-
Derivative transactions	(89)	(89)	-	(864)	(864)	-

	Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	2013					
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Unrealized loss	Carrying amount	Fair value	Unrealized loss
Cash and deposits	¥14,812	¥14,812	¥-	\$143,803	\$143,803	\$-
Trade notes and accounts receivable	58,916			572,004		
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(47)			(460)		
Subtotal	58,869	58,869	(0)	571,544	571,544	(0)
Investment securities:						
Available-for-sale securities	2,805	2,805	-	27,233	27,233	-
Total	¥76,486	¥76,486	¥(0)	\$742,583	\$742,583	\$(0)
Trade notes and accounts payable	25,901	25,901	-	251,464	251,464	-
Long-term debt	8,000	8,000	-	77,670	77,670	-
Total	¥33,901	¥33,901	¥-	\$329,134	\$329,134	\$-
Derivative transactions	(576)	(576)	-	(5,592)	(5,592)	-

Receivables and payables incurred by derivative transactions are presented in net. Net payables are presented in parenthesis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- i) Methods used to calculate the fair value of financial instruments and details of securities and derivative instruments

Cash and deposits, Trade notes and accounts receivable

The book value approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these items.

Investment securities

The fair value of investment securities is determined using the quoted price at the stock exchange. For the notes to each classified securities by holding purpose, see Note 8.

Trade notes and accounts payable and Short-term bank loans

These assets are recorded using book values because fair values approximate book values because of their short-term maturities.

Long-term debt

The fair value of long-term debt is stated at its book value. Its fair value approximates its book value because the debt carries variable interest rates that reflect the market rate of interest in the short term and the Company's credit standing has not changed significantly since it implemented the debt.

Derivatives

The information of the fair value for derivatives is described in Note 21.

- ii) The redemption schedule at March 31, 2014 and 2013 for monetary assets after the balance sheet date is summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	March 31, 2014			
	Due in one year or less	Due after one year	Due in one year or less	Due after one year
Cash and deposits	¥12,551	¥-	\$121,854	\$-
Trade notes and accounts receivable	68,184	-	661,986	-
Total	¥80,735	¥-	\$783,840	\$-

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	March 31, 2013			
	Due in one year or less	Due after one year	Due in one year or less	Due after one year
Cash and deposits	¥14,812	¥-	\$143,803	\$ -
Trade notes and accounts receivable	58,915	1	571,993	10
Total	¥73,727	¥1	\$715,796	\$10

- iii) The redemption schedule for long-term debt after the balance sheet date is described in Note 9.

21. Derivatives

The contract or notional amounts of the derivative financial instruments held at March 31, 2014 and 2013 are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2014			
	Contracts due			
	Within one year	After one year	Fair value	(Loss)
	Millions of yen			
Forward foreign exchange contracts:				
To sell foreign currencies U.S. dollars	¥ 9,312	¥-	¥ 9,401	¥ (89)
	Thousands of U.S. dollars			

	March 31, 2013			
	Contracts due			
	Within one year	After one year	Fair value	(Loss)
	Millions of yen			
Forward foreign exchange contracts:				
To sell foreign currencies U.S. dollars	¥ 9,054	¥-	¥ 9,630	¥ (576)
	Thousands of U.S. dollars			

Forward foreign exchange contracts:				
To sell foreign currencies U.S. dollars	\$87,903	\$-	\$93,495	\$(5,592)

22. Segment Information

(a) Outline of reportable segments

Reportable segments of the Company are the business units for which the Company is able to obtain respective financial information separately in order for the Board of Directors to conduct periodic investigations to determine distribution of management resources and evaluate their business results. The Company operates under the system whereby the organization that oversees the cross-sectional functions of the Company is defined as the headquarter structure, while the organizations responsible for production activities that are directly linked to the Company's businesses are controlled by being divided into business segments according to their product. Consequently, the Company is made up of segments based on products and services, which form the bases of its business divisions. The four reportable segments are "Aircraft Business," "Special Purpose Truck Business," "Industrial Machinery and Environmental Systems Business" and "Parking Systems Business."

The "Aircraft Business" manufactures and sells amphibian aircraft and aircraft parts to overseas aircraft manufacturers. The "Special Purpose Truck Business" manufactures and sells special purpose trucks including dump trucks, tail gate lifters and refuse compactors, as well as forestry machinery. The "Industrial Machinery and Environmental Systems Business" manufactures and sells pumps and water treatment

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

equipment, automatic wire processors and refuse processing facilities and equipment. The “Parking Systems Business” manufactures, sells, maintains, and restores mechanical parking facilities and aircraft passenger boarding bridges.

(b) Calculation method of the amount of net sales, income (loss), assets and other items by reportable segments

The accounting method applied to reportable business segments is the same as that stated in “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.” The segment profit is based on operating income. Intersegment sales or transfers are determined based on current market prices.

(c) Information about net sales, profit, assets and other items by reportable segments for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

Year ended March 31, 2014								
Reportable segments								
Aircraft	Special Purpose Trucks	Industrial Machinery and Environmental Systems	Parking Systems	Other	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated statements	
Millions of yen								
Net Sales:								
Customers	¥34,067	¥77,329	¥24,371	¥28,302	¥ 9,941	¥174,010	¥ -	¥174,010
Inter-segment	-	8	4	10	2,980	3,002	(3,002)	-
Total	34,067	77,337	24,375	28,312	12,921	177,012	(3,002)	174,010
Segment profit	4,665	5,010	2,037	900	319	12,931	(2,058)	10,873
Segment assets	41,265	59,464	19,314	15,155	10,772	145,970	21,490	167,460
Other:								
Depreciation	¥ 1,285	¥ 1,343	¥ 600	¥ 400	¥ 178	¥ 3,807	¥ 172	¥ 3,978
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	1,419	3,136	479	452	255	5,741	93	5,834
Thousands of U.S. dollars								
Net Sales:								
Customers	\$330,748	\$750,767	\$236,612	\$274,777	\$96,516	\$1,689,420	\$ -	\$1,689,420
Inter-segment	-	78	38	97	28,930	29,143	(29,143)	-
Total	330,748	750,845	236,650	274,874	125,446	1,718,563	(29,143)	1,689,420
Segment profit	45,291	48,641	19,777	8,738	3,097	125,544	(19,982)	105,562
Segment assets	400,631	577,320	187,515	147,136	104,582	1,417,184	208,644	1,625,828
Other:								
Depreciation	\$ 12,476	\$ 13,039	\$ 5,825	\$ 3,883	\$ 1,738	\$ 36,961	\$ 1,660	\$ 38,621
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	13,777	30,447	4,650	4,388	2,476	55,738	903	56,641

Year ended March 31, 2013								
Reportable segments								
Aircraft	Special Purpose Trucks	Industrial Machinery and Environmental Systems	Parking Systems	Other	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated statements	
Millions of yen								
Net Sales:								
Customers	¥26,123	¥65,826	¥23,288	¥27,195	¥ 8,486	¥150,918	¥ -	¥150,918
Inter-segment	-	38	8	10	3,137	3,193	(3,193)	-
Total	26,123	65,864	23,296	27,205	11,623	154,111	(3,193)	150,918
Segment profit	1,360	3,774	1,272	1,475	285	8,167	(2,326)	5,841
Segment assets	39,901	50,414	18,967	15,184	10,900	135,366	19,882	155,249
Other:								
Depreciation	¥ 1,232	¥ 1,085	¥ 600	¥ 362	¥ 164	¥ 3,444	¥ 165	¥ 3,609
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	2,161	1,927	385	290	144	4,907	210	5,117
Thousands of U.S. dollars								
Net Sales:								
Customers	\$253,621	\$639,087	\$226,097	\$264,029	\$ 82,393	\$1,465,227	\$ -	\$1,465,227
Inter-segment	-	369	78	97	30,452	30,996	(30,996)	-
Total	253,621	639,456	226,175	264,126	112,845	1,496,223	(30,996)	1,465,227
Segment profit	13,204	36,641	12,350	14,320	2,776	79,291	(22,583)	56,708
Segment assets	387,388	489,456	184,146	147,417	105,826	1,314,233	193,036	1,507,269
Other:								
Depreciation	\$ 11,961	\$ 10,534	\$ 5,825	\$ 3,515	\$ 1,602	\$ 33,437	\$ 1,602	\$ 35,039
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	20,981	18,709	3,738	2,816	1,397	47,641	2,039	49,680

The “Other” consists of business not included in the reportable segments, such as construction, real estate and software development.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Information about geographic areas for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Year ended March 31, 2014				
	Japan	Asia	North America	Other areas	Total
	Millions of yen				
Net Sales to Customers	¥ 137,971	¥ 4,818	¥ 26,398	¥ 4,823	¥ 174,010
	Thousands of U.S. dollars				
Net Sales to Customers	\$1,339,524	\$46,777	\$256,291	\$46,828	\$1,689,420
	Year ended March 31, 2013				
	Japan	Asia	North America	Other areas	Total
	Millions of yen				
Net Sales to Customers	¥ 120,466	¥ 6,809	¥ 19,460	¥ 4,183	¥ 150,918
	Thousands of U.S. dollars				
Net Sales to Customers	\$1,169,573	\$66,107	\$188,932	\$40,615	\$1,465,227

2) Information about goodwill in reportable segments for the years ended March 31, 2013 are as follows:

	Year ended March 31, 2013						
	Aircraft	Special purpose trucks	Industrial machinery and environmental systems	Parking systems	Other	Adjustment	Total
	Millions of yen						
(Negative goodwill) Amortization	¥ -	¥49	¥ -	¥13	¥32	¥ -	¥94
Unamortized balance	¥ -	¥ -	¥ -	¥ -	¥ -	¥ -	¥ -
	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
Amortization	\$ -	\$476	\$ -	\$126	\$309	\$ -	\$ 911
Unamortized balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

3) Information about gain on negative goodwill in reportable segments for the year ended March 31, 2013 are as follows:

In the Special Purpose Truck Business, gain on negative goodwill as a result of the acquisition of all shares of TOHO CAR CORPORATION and TOHO CAR SERVICE CORPORATION and the acquisition of the refuse compactor business from Fuji Heavy Industries Ltd. amounted to ¥4,462 million (\$43,320 thousand). In the Parking Systems Business, gain on negative goodwill as a result of the acquisition of all shares of TOKYO ENGINEERING SYSTEMS CORPORATION and TOKYO PARKING SYSTEMS CORPORATION amounted to ¥308 million (\$2,990 thousand). In other segments not included in reportable segments, gain on negative goodwill as a result of additional acquisition of the shares of Maywa Komuten, Ltd. amounted to ¥574 million (\$5,573 thousand).

23. Subsequent Events

(a) Appropriations of retained earnings

The following appropriations of retained earnings of the Company, which have not been reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2014, was proposed upon resolution at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 21, 2014 and is subject to approval at a shareholders' meeting to be held on June 25, 2014:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Cash dividends (¥7.00 = U.S.\$0.07 per share)	¥698	\$6,777

Company Overview (As of March 31, 2014)

● Company Profile

Company Name	ShinMaywa Industries, Ltd.
Head Office	1-1 Shinmeiwa-cho, Takarazuka, Hyogo 665-8550, Japan
Paid-in Capital	15,981,967,991 yen
Founded	November 5, 1949
President	Yoshihiro Onishi
Category of Business	Transportation Equipment
Number of Employees	Consolidated 4,528 / Non-consolidated 2,824
Number of Affiliated Companies	20

● Directors, Officers and Audit & Supervisory Board Members (As of June 25, 2014)

President and Chief Executive Officer	Yoshihiro Onishi	Officer	Tatsuyuki Isogawa Takashi Kunihara Takahiro Asano Akira Nishioka Koji Fukai Atsushi Itami
Director, Member of the Board Vice President and Executive Officer	Mikiaki Kato	Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Yoshifumi Fujiwara Masao Mizuta Yuka Shimokobe *2 Shunsaku Yagi *2 Yasushi Manabe *2
Director, Member of the Board Senior Executive Officer	Keisuke Endo Kanji Ishimaru		
Director, Member of the Board Executive Officer	Hiroichi Sano Shouichi Kanaida		
Director, Member of the Board	Nobutane Yamamoto *1 Kazuo Hiramatsu *1		

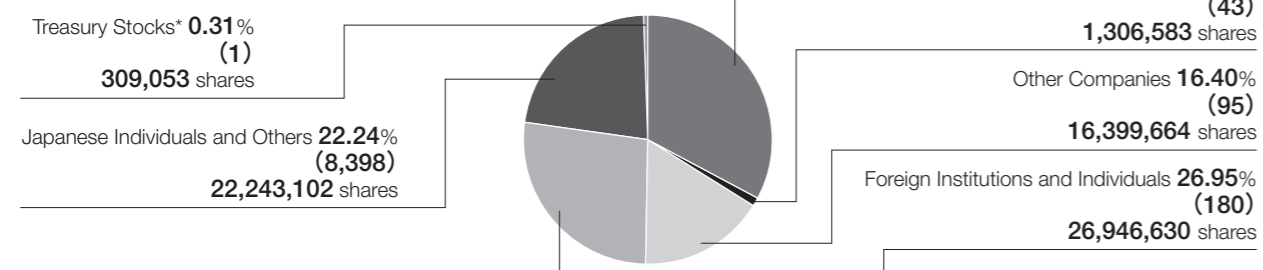
*1 Outside Director *2 Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

● Stock Information

Total Number of Shares Authorized	300,000,000 shares
Total Number of Shares Issued	100,000,000 shares
Number of Shares per Unit	1,000 shares
Number of Shareholders	8,756

Note: Figures in parentheses () represent the number of respective shareholders.

Breakdown of Shareholders



● Major Shareholders

Order	Name of Shareholders	Number of Shares Held	Shareholding Ratio (%)
1	Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	10,314,000	10.35
2	SANSHIN CO., LTD.	9,293,065	9.32
3	The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	8,255,000	8.28
4	Hitachi, Ltd.	4,000,337	4.01
5	Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 9)	2,836,000	2.84
6	CBNY DFA INTL SMALL Cap Value Portfolio	2,766,000	2.77
7	ShinMaywa Employees' Stock Ownership	2,548,472	2.56
8	RBC ISB A /C DUB NON RESIDENT - TREATY RATE	2,400,000	2.41
9	The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Trust Account)	2,251,000	2.26
10	The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London Secs Lending Omnibus Account	2,174,593	2.18

Note: The Company holds 309,053 treasury stocks, but it has been excluded from the above list of major shareholders.

ShinMaywa

www.shinmaywa.co.jp